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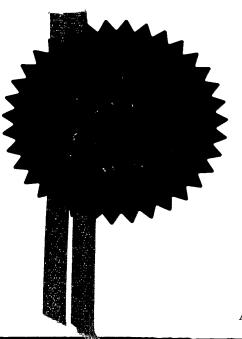
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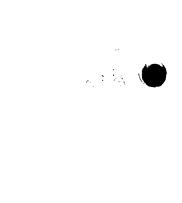
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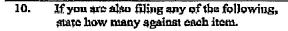
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Description 66

Claim(s)

Drawing(s)

Abstract 6



Priority documents

Translation of priority documents

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MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK

The present invention relates to a mobile communications network and in particular to the operation of and the user interface for mobile terminals for use with a mobile communications network.

One of the growth areas for mobile network operators and content providers is the provision of ringtones, wallpapers and other multimedia content for mobile telephones and There is a tension between the needs of mobile terminals. network operators and terminal manufacturers to retain control over some aspects of the terminal user interfaces for branding purposes and the needs of users to customise and 15 modify the appearance of their terminals to suit their own The sophisticated software required to provide the desired flexibility and customisation is also in tension with the limited processing power and data storage capacity of typical mobile terminals. The present invention seeks to mitigate these problems.

According to an aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of compiling a user interface for a computing device, the method comprising the steps of: identifying one or more resource identifiers in the code comprising the user interface; generating a series of strings comprising one or more characters; and replacing the or each resource identifiers with a unique string. The or each contain numerical and/or alphanumerical may string characters. The series of strings may comprise a series of consecutive numbers or alphanumerical combinations. alternative embodiment, the strings may be assigned randomly.

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In a further embodiment, the numbers or alphanumerical combinations may be assigned to reflect the relationship of the resources within a hierarchically file system.

5 According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of generating a user interface for a terminal, the method comprising the steps of: generating a plurality of sets of user interface elements; ordering each of the plurality of sets of user interface elements into a hierarchical relationship; and rendering the user interface based on the contents of the plurality of sets of user interface elements wherein if more than one set of user interface elements comprises the same user interface element, the user interface element from the set having the highest position within the hierarchical relationship is selected for rendering.

According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of generating a user interface, the method comprising the step of: creating a container, the container comprising: code for a user interface; one or more content resources for use in the user interface; and metadata relating to the content resources, the code content resources and metadata being stored as objects within the container. The content resources metadata may be updateable in order to The method may comprise the allow changes to be made. the container to a content exporting οf further step publishing component that processes the container contents into a format for transmission to a terminal.

Alternatively, the metadata relating to the content resources may relate to one or more bierarchical classifications, the

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hierarchical classification(s) relating to the capabilities of a terminal that may receive the content resources.

5 According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided a container file, the container file comprising; code for a user interface; one or more content resources for use in the user interface; and metadata relating to the content resources, the code content resources and metadata being stored as serialised objects within the container. The metadata may comprise data determining access to the code and/or the content resources to prevent unauthorised access.

According to a further aspect of the present invention, there
is provided a method of displaying a subset from a plurality
of user interface elements, the method comprising the steps
of: determining the number of UI elements that can be
displayed; selecting a subset comprising that number of UI
elements from the plurality of UI elements for display;
displaying the subset of UI elements within the UI; updating
the contents of the subset in response to a user interaction;
and updating the display in accordance with the updated
contents of the subset.

According to a yet further aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of displaying a content element sclected from a plurality of content elements on a remote terminal, the method comprising the steps of selecting a variable associated with one of the plurality of content elements; generating a location identifier that comprises a component that is uniquely associated with the selected variable; transmitting the location identifier to the server,

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the server, in response, transmitting the content element identified by the location identifier to the mobile terminal.

The invention will now be described by way of illustration only and with respect to the accompanying drawings, in which

Figure 1 shows a schematic depiction of a system incorporating the present invention;

Figure 2 depicts in greater detail the structure and operation of server 100;

Figures 3a & 3b show a schematic depiction of how the trig resources may be renamed;

Figure 4 shows a schematic depiction of the software 400 for the mobile terminals 300;

15 Figure 5 shows a schematic depiction of the content toolset 200; and

Figure 6 shows a schematic depiction of four hierarchical planes

20 shows schematic depiction of system The system comprises incorporating the present invention. toolset 200, mobile terminals content 100, operational support systems (OSSs) 700, content feeds 500 and user interface (UI) sources 600. In use, the server 100 communicates content data and UI data to the mobile terminals 25 300, 301, ..., each of which comprise software package 400. The server 100 interfaces with OSSs 700, with the OSSs being those conventionally used to operate mobile networks, example billing, account management, etc. The server 100 further interfaces with the content toolset 200: the content 30 toolset receives data from UI sources 600, 601, ..., packages the UI data such that the server can transmit the



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packaged UI data to the software packages 400 comprised within the mobile terminals 300. The server receives data from a plurality of content feeds, and this data is processed and packaged such that it can be sent to the software packages 400 or so that the mobile terminals 300 can access the data using the software package 400.

The system can be envisaged as being divided into three separate domains: operator domain 50 comprises the systems and equipment operated by the mobile network operator (MNO); user domain 60 comprises a plurality of mobile terminals and third-party domain 70 comprises the content feeds and UI feeds that may be controlled or operated by a number of different entities.

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depicts in greater detail the structure and Figure 2 operation of server 100. Server 100 comprises publishing component 110 and content server component 150. Publishing component comprises database 111, import queue 112, content toolset interface 113, user interface 114 & catalogue 115. In operation, the publishing component receives content from the content toolset at the content toolset interface. content is presented in the form of a parcel (see below) comprising one or more Trigs and one or more Triglets. trig is a user interface for a mobile terminal, such as a mobile telephone and a triglet is a data file that can be used to extend or alter a trig. If a parcel comprises more than one trig then one of the Trigs may be a master trig from which the other Trigs are derived.

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The publishing component user interface 114 can be used to import a parcel into the database 111, and this process

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causes references to each trig and triglet to be loaded into the import queue 114, which may comprise references to a plurality of parcels 210a, 210b,.... The contents of the parcel may be examined using the user interface and the contents of the parcel can be passed to the catalogue.

The MNO may have several publishing domains, for example one for each target server in a number of countries or regions. Each domain is treated in isolation from other domains and has its own publishing scheme describing how objects are to be published onto content servers in both live and staging environments. The publishing component GUI provides several different views to each domain, enabling operators completely manage the publishing of content. The catalogue comprises references to the Trigs stored in the catalogue and the update channels and feed channels used to transfer content to the various domains. For each domain, operator uses the publishing component GUI to set up the domain structure and allocate trigs from the catalogue to each domain node. To aid the operator in selecting trigs efficiently, a filter is provided in the catalogue so that only relevant items are shown.

A trig may be allocated to several nodes within a domain. In each case the packaging of the trig on the target server may need to be different e.g. a SIS or CAB file, dependent on the handsets that will be accessing the trigs. The packaging can be controlled using the publishing component GUT.

30 The update channels may be referenced by trigs to control the delivery of the content. An update channel comprises a URL which is a link to a resource on the associated domain that

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comprises a triglet update package. The URL can be polled at predefined intervals and the HTTP GET function used to access the package (it will be readily appreciated that other transport schemes may be used with the present invention, for example SyncML or SMS or cell broadcast for small updates). The triglet update package describes how the trig can be modified, e.g. replacing one or more images or text files The publishing component GUI enables an used by the trig. operator to define and control the update channels that exist for a domain, the URLs associated with each triglet on the update channel and the association of triglets with the update channels for a domain. As each triglet is associated an update channel, an operator may enter the date and time that the update should be published, enabling a schedule to be set.

A content feed is similar to an update channel for which the content updates are automatically generated on a regular A content feed is accessed by polling a URL, basis. retrieving the update packet and applying it to the trig. 20 manually nature ο£ different of the because However and automatically generated triglet updates constructed content, update channels and content feeds are managed Again, other transport schemes may be used such separately. as SyncML or OMA-DM (Open Mobile Alliance Device Management).

The publishing component GUI enables the operator to define which content feeds should be available within each domain and a platform specific location identifier, for example a URL, to which the content should be posted. The operator defines content feeds themselves using a separate screen within the publishing component GUI. All domain publishing

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scheme information at this stage is held in the database.

If an existing live Domain is to be modified, the publishing component operates on a copy of the live domain structure, and defines the changes to be made to the domain e.g. the removal or addition of trigs. The individual trigs or triglets allocated to the publishing scheme reference the parcels from which they were originally imported. This enables the publishing component to compile them later (see below).

The operator is able to select different views on the Domain under development, for example the original structure (i.e. what is currently live), a final proposed structure (Approved and/or Pending items), with or without changes marked, the changes only and rejected items. The publishing component GUI prevents a domain scheme from being published if it contains trigs or triglets which reference update channels or content feeds that have not yet been allocated to the domain. Once a publishing scheme is ready to be tested, it is published to the domain's staging server for testing.

The publishing request is processed by the server and comprises compiling all uncompiled Trigs and Triglets (both Approved and Pending) and exporting all proposed changes, both pending and approved, to the Staging Server (this includes new trigs, updates to existing trigs, triglets overdue for publishing (according to a test date) and removal of trigs, triglets and nodes. If there are any failures at compilation stage, no items will be published. The offending item must be rejected or corrected to allow publishing to continue.



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Once on the MNO's staging server, the Domain can be tested using mobile devices. Each item that passes its test can be marked as "Approved" using the publishing component GUI. Items that do not pass tests can be marked as "Rejected". Corrected Trigs/Triglets can be imported into publishing component, resubmitted to the Domain and then published to the staging server as described above. This process continues until all items are approved and the Domain is ready for publishing to the live environment. Additionally, for the staging area of a domain, it is possible to simulate the passage of time so that scheduled updates can be tested. Some MNOs may not need the Staging server capability and thus all items to be published can be marked as approved when the domain scheme is set up and thus the operator can proceed directly to live publishing.

The publishing component GUI provides views of each of the domains, for both Live and Staging areas. From this view it is possible to start and stop automatic publishing of content feeds and scheduled publishing of triglets on each update channel.

Having completed testing, the domain may be published to the live area of the server, using a process similar to that described above, except that only domain changes marked as approved are published. When setting up a publishing scheme, the dates and times at which to publish individual Trigs and Triglets may be set. On requesting that a domain is ready for publishing, publishing component ensures that all trig and Triglets are compiled — even if the publishing date or time associated with the item is in the future. Future dated items

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remain in the publishing component database until they are ready to be dispatched to the target domain area. A scheduled publish process may poll each target Domain area at configured intervals and dispatches any scheduled items which are due or overdue for publishing to the appropriate Domain target via the dispatch API.

Content feeds are updated at regular intervals with dynamic content being extracted from external sources e.g. web scraping, RSS news feeds, etc. The dynamic content may be simple news ticker text (headlines and URLs) but could also include more complex objects of the type that might be replaced using the content toolbox. The content feed process formats this content into an update file and then passed back to Feed Control.

Feed Control invokes the Compile Trigs process which passes the triglet Parcel template associated with the Content Feed and the update file to the compiler. The compiler extracts the resources in the triglet parcel and returns a compiled triglet to Feed Control which can then be published (see above).

For each trig or triglet to be compiled, the complier requires the following information: the original parcel in which the trig/triglet was imported or created; the list of trig/triglet update packages to be created; the type of files to be created; and a URL map for the update channels and content feeds. The compiler uses the URL map to update the URLs referenced by the update channels (and content feeds) within the individual trigs and triglets within each parcel.



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One of the limitations of mobile terminals is that resources conventional which are abundant i.n. computing (atorage, RAM, processor power, etc.) are scarce and must thus be used in a much more efficient method. In a preferred embodiment of the present invention, when a trig is complied the various resources can be renamed in order to provide a resource path that is shorter than the equivalent filepath for the various resources used in the trig. Figure 3a shows a schematic depiction of how the trig resources may be named prior to compilation and Figure 3b shows an example of how this can be renamed. The shorter filenames mean that the complied triq occupies less storage space on a device and will be transmitted to a terminal over the network more It will be understood that other naming/numbering conventions may be used, for example alphanumerical, alpha Instead of assigning characters only, hexadecimal; etc.. numbers in a consecutive manner, the numbers may be chosen randomly from a pre-selected range of numbers. Furthermore, is also possible to us the scheme to describe the hierarchical relationship of the resources within the file systems, for example the content sub-directory could be named 1.1, the images sub-directory 1.1.1, etc. The information regarding the generation of the resource paths is transmitted to the terminal such that the correct resources can be accessed when required. If a trig or triglet is updated then the UI update packet will use resource path references to make the required changes.

This technique may be applied to trigs, triglets and updates. During compilation all references to the resources should be updated in order to ensure that the resources can be accessed. In the case where periodic data updates are

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supplied, it may be that a trig refers to content that is not yet present and will be subsequently provisioned using a further triglet. In such a case the compilation process should enable the inclusion of a reference to content that is not present in a trig or triglet. This update should be performed prior to the trig being moved to the content server component 150. It will be readily apparent that such techniques may also be applied to other types of computing devices that do not have the resource limitation of mobile terminals.

A dispatch API may be used for dispatching content to the MNO's servers. A reference FTF model has been implemented to service the API and transfer files to a content server however the API mechanism enables an integrator to implement their own content dispatch mechanism for example using the publishing component output as input to the API of their own content management system, adding custom logic if required.

conventional OSS supports component 20 The publishing functionality accessible via the publishing component GUI and via an industry standard API (JMX) which enables SIs to use integrate the publishing standard integration tools to component into the MNO's OSS environment. This includes the logging of significant publishing component events and all 25 imported/published items, an audit trail for any changes noted with external scripts, maintain Error/Warning Logs, system alerts, health check report, etc. All data relating to the publishing component is stored within a database, such as Oracle, and backup and restore functionality is supported 30 by the standard database processes, integrated with the OSS environment. For operation the publishing component requires

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an operating J2EE environment and an installed instance of a database, such as Oracle, Installation of the publishing component can be validated by a process that indicates that that the installation process was successful and that all components have been activated correctly.

The content server component 150 is a standard implementation of a web server and as such the scaling model is well understood. The capabilities of a server can be rated using a "SPECweb99" number indicating the number of concurrent sessions that the web server can handle under benchmark conditions. Published SPECweb99 numbers range from 404 to 21,000 with typical commercial web servers having SPECweb99 numbers in the order of 5,000. A typical deployment scenario 1.5 for the present invention of 1m subscribers with hourly updating content requires a web server with a SPECweb99 rating of only 1,112. A successful deployment of the present invention will lead to increased service use which can be provided for by enabling additional servers to create an infrastructure that can be both scalable and highly resilient to failure.

A connection may be made to the server from a mobile terminal via a WAP Gateway. In this case the web server session exists between the WAP gateway and the web server, rather than the mobile phone and web server. When a request is made for a file via the WAP gateway, the session with the web server lasts only as long as it takes to transfer the file from the web server to the WAP gateway - i.e. the session is extremely short since the connection bandwidth will be very high and latency extremely low.

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Alternatively a direct connection may be established between the mobile phone and the web server. In this case, the web server will need to keep the session open for as long as it takes to download the data to the phone.

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There are two types of content that are delivered by the content server component: trigs, typically of the order of 100KB and regularly updating triglets which are typically of the order of 1KB. The traffic created by trig downloads is very similar to the traffic generated by existing content downloads. And thus the related issues are well understood. Downloads of regular triglet updates are a new feature in an MNO's traffic model but because of the small size of the updates, which typically fit within one data packet, it is possible to show that the traffic can still be handled by typical web servers.

In the case of a triglet download, typically only one data packet is required to transfer 1KB. Assuming a round-trip latency across a GPRS network of 2 seconds, the web server will need to hold open a typical session for around 4 seconds. For the scenario of 1 million subscribers having a trig on their phone with content that updates every hour, this implies 278 hits per second on the web server and 1,112 concurrent sessions. As stated earlier, this number is well within the capability of typical web servers.

Figure 4 shows a schematic depiction of the software 400 for the mobile terminals 300, which comprises a mark-up language renderer 410, update manager 420, network communication agent 425, resource manager 430, virtual file system 435, actor manager 440, a plurality of actors 445a, 445, ..., native UI

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renderer 450, support manager 460, trig manager 465 and markup language parser 470.

It is preferred that the software operates using TrigML, which is an XML application and that mark-up language renderer 410 renders the TrigXML code for display on the mobile terminal 300. The mark-up language renderer also uses the TrigML Parser to parse TrigML resources, display content on the terminal screen and controlling the replacement and viewing of content on the handset. The native UI renderer is used to display UI components that can be displayed without the use of TrigML, and for displaying error messages.

The software 400 is provisioned and installed in a device specific manner. For example for a Nokia Series 60 terminal the software is installed using a SIS file, whereas for a MS Smartphone terminal the software is installed using a CAB file. Similarly, software upgrades are handled in a device specific manner. The software may be provisioned in a more limited format, as a self-contained application that renders its built in content only: i.e. the software is provisioned with a built-in trig but additional trigs cannot be added later. The supplied trig may be upgraded over the air.

The trig manager 465 presents an interface to the resource manager 430 and the mark-up language renderer. It is responsible for trig management in general. This includes: persisting knowledge of the trig in use, changing the current trig, selection of a trig on start-up, selection of a further trig as a fall back for a corrupt trig, maintaining the set of installed trigs, identifying where a particular trig is installed to the resource manager and reading the update

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channel definitions of a trig and configuring the update manager appropriately.

The resource manager abstraction provides an of the persistent store on device, i.e. storing the files as real files, or as records in a database. The resource manager presents a file system interface to the mark-up language renderer and the update manager. It is responsible for file path logic, distinguishing between 10 resource files and actor attributes, mapping trig-relative paths onto absolute paths, interfacing with the trig manager and providing a modification interface to the update manager.

The Resource Manager is also responsible for ensuring the integrity of the resources stored in the persistent store, especially in the face of unpredictable interruptions such as loss of device power. The Resource Manager has no knowledge of the trig currently used. Its interface is thread safe (as it may be used by both the Update Manager and the Renderer from different threads.

The Update Manager handles the reception and application of Trigs and Triglets. The Update Manager presents an interface to the Renderer and the trig Manager and is responsible for: the initiation of manual updates when instructed to by the Renderer; controlling and implementing the automatic update channel when so configured by the trig manager; indicating the progress of a manual update and recovering an Update following unexpected loss of network connection and/or device power. The update packet format may be defined as a binary serialisation of an XML schema.

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interface for provides an Manager The Support components to report the occurrence of an event or error. Depending on the severity of the error, the Support Manager will log the event and/or put up an error message popup

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XML is a convenient data formatting language that is used to define the update packet format as well as TrigML content. For bandwidth and storage efficiency reasons, text XML is scrialised into a binary representation. Both update packets and TrigML fragments are parsed by the same component, the MARK-UP LANGUAGE PARSER parser. Any further use of XML in the software must use the binary XML encoding and therefore reuse the parser.

The Actor Manager 440 looks after the set of actors 445 15 present in the software. It is used by: the renderer when content is sending events to an actor; actors that want to notify that an attribute value has changed and actors that want to emit an event (see below).

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In a preferred embodiment, the software comprises a multithreaded application running a minimum of two threads, with more possible depending on how many and what sort of actors The software runs mostly in one thread, are included. referred to as the main thread. The main thread is used to run the renderer which communicates synchronously with other Actors always have a synchronous interface to the Renderer. If an actor requires additional threads for its functionality, then it is the responsibility of the Actor to manage the inter-thread communication. It is preferred that a light messaging framework is used to avoid unnecessary code inter-thread actors require many where duplication

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communication.

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In addition to the main thread, the update manager runs a network thread. The network thread is used to download update packets and is separate from the main thread to allow the renderer to continue unaffected until the packet has arrived. The Update Manager is responsible for handling inter-thread messaging such that the Update Manager communicates synchronously with the Renderer and Resource Manager when applying the changes defined in an Update Packet.

The memory allocation strategy of the software is platform specific. On MIDP platforms, the software simply uses the and garbage collector for all its memory system heap 15 requirements. Garbage collection is forced whenever a content replacement event occurs in an attempt to keep the garbage collection predictable and not suffer unexpected pauses in operation. It is assumed that any memory allocation might in which case the software will delete all 20 and restart -references to objects, garbage collect, assuming that the software has already successfully started up and rendered the first page.

On C++-based platforms, a mixture of pre-allocation and ondemand allocation will be made from the system heap. All
memory required for start-up is allocated on-demand during
start-up, with any failures here causing the exit (with
message if possible) of the software. Following successful
start-up, memory needed for rendering the content document
model is pre-allocated. Provided content is authored to use
less than a defined limit, it is guaranteed to render.

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Additional use is made of RAM for various caches needed for fast operation of the software. Where memory conditions are low, these caches will be released resulting in slow rendering performance from the software.

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Errors that are severe enough to disrupt the normal operation of the software must result in a pop-up dialog box. σf emall. number ٥f dialog \mathbf{box} contains one á internationalised error messages (internationalised versions of these strings may be compiled into the software at buildtime with the version of an error string to display being determined by the relevant language setting on the device). To keep the number of messages to a minimum, only a few generic problems are covered.

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To allow for support situations, error dialogs also display an error code as a 4-digit (16-bit) hex string. Each error code is associated with a description text that can be used by support staff to determine the nature of a problem with the software. Errors that occur in the software and that are not severe enough to halt its operation may be logged by the Support Manager component. The Support Manager can be queried by the user typing special key sequences. The Support Manager can also supply its error log to a server via an HTTP GET or POST method.

The Renderer receives information regarding the key press. If there is no behaviour configured at build time for a key, it is sent as a TrigML content event to the current focus element. The content event is then handled as defined by

TrigML's normal event processing logic.

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For example, if a key is pressed down, a 'keypress' event is delivered to the Renderer with a parameter set to they relevant key. When the key is released, a '!keypress' event is delivered to the Renderer. If a key is held down for a extended period of time, a 'longkeypress' event is delivered to the renderer. On release, both a '!longkeypress' and a '!keypress' event are delivered to the Renderer.

Whenever the software is started, it executes the following 10 actions:

- Check for, and continue with, interrupted Update processing;
- Check for, and process, Updates residing in the file system (either pre-provisioned, or installed to the file system by some other means);
- If known, start the current trig (which may be the last run trig);
- If a current trig is not set, a trig that has been flagged as a 'default' trig can be started.
- Failing the presence of a default trig, the first valid trig by alphabetical order of name will be selected.

A trig is started by loading the defined resource name, start-up/default. The TrigML defined in start-up/default is parsed as the new contents for the content root node.

The first time a trig is run by the software following its installation, the trig is started by loading the resource name startup/firsttime. The software may record whether a trig has been run or not in a file located in the top level folder for that trig. Dependent on the platform used by the mobile terminal, the automatic start-up of the software may

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be set as a build-time configuration option. Furthermore, placing the software in the background following an auto-start may also be a build-time configuration option.

5 A launcher may appear to the user as an application icon and selecting it starts the software with a trig specified by that launcher (this trig may be indicated by a launcher icon and/or name). When using a launcher to start a trig, it is possible to specify an 'entry point' parameter. The parameter is a resource name of a file found in the 'start-up' folder. This file is not used if the trig has never been run before, in which case the file called 'firsttime' is used instead.

The software uses content resource files stored in a virtual file system on the device. The file system is described as virtual as it may not be implemented as a classical file-system, however, all references to resources are file paths as if stored in a hierarchical system of folders and files.

- Details regarding the arrangement of the file-system for a preferred embodiment of the present invention are given below in Appendix A. Furthermore, the software stores some or all of the following information: usage statistics; active user counts; TrigManager state; TrigML fragments & update channel definition (serialised as binary XML); PNG images; plain text, encoded as UTF-8 OTA and then stored in a platform specific encoding; other platform specific resources, e.g. ring tone files, background images, etc.
- 30 Files in the file system can be changed, either when an actor attribute value changes, or when a file is replaced by a triglet. When files in the /attrs directory change, the

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Renderer is immediately notified and the relevant branches of the content tree are updated and refreshed. When images and text resources are changed, the Renderer behaves as if the affected resources are immediately reloaded (either the whole content tree or just the affected branches may be refreshed). When TrigML fragments are changed, the Renderer behaves as if it is not notified and continues to display its current, possibly out of date, content. This is to avoid the software needing to persist <include> elements and the <load> history of the current content.

The software 400 is provisioned to mobile terminals in a device specific method. One or more Trigs can be provisioned as part of the installation, for example, stored as an uncompressed update packet. On start-up, the packet can be expanded and installed to the file-system.

The Actors 445 are components that publish attribute values and handle and emit events. Actors communicate with the Renderer synchronously. If an actor needs asynchronous behaviour, then it is the responsibility of the actor to manage and communicate with a thread external to the main thread of the Renderer.

Actor attributes may be read as file references. Attributes are one of four types: a single simple value; a vector of simple values; a single atructure of fields, each field having a simple value; or a vector of structures. Attributes may be referenced by an expression using an object member notation similar to many object-orientated programming languages:



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<image res="signallevels/{protocol.signalstrength}"/>

When needed as a file, an attribute is accessed via the /attrs folder.

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OΕ

<text res="/attr/network/name">

An Actor can be messaged by sending it an event with the <a hr

One of the limitations that is common in most mobile terminals is that the display screen is quite small and when a menu is displayed it is not always possible to display all of the menu items on the screen at one time. Conventional approaches tend to load all of the menu items into memory, along with associated icons or graphics, and then display them appropriately as the user scrolls up or down the menu.

The present invention provides a technique that limits the number of menu items to be loaded into memory to the number of items that can be displayed on the screen at a time. When the user scrolls along the menu, the item(s) no longer on display are discarded and the item(s) now on display are loaded into memory.

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Preferably, this can be implemented by using a <griddata> element in TrigML to define a list view of some data, where the data is stored in a folder in the file system, and the list appearance has the same structure for each item. The <griddata> element comprises a 'repeat-over' attribute that specifies the folder in which the data can be located. The single child element of <griddata> is a template for the appearance of each item in the list.

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The template uses a special symbol, e.g. '\$\$' to refer to the iterator. This is the template variable that changes each time the template is instantiated: for example

where the folder news/headlines/ contains:

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0/title.txt

1/title.txt

2/title.txt

3/title.txt

This would display a list of 4 items, each described by a 25 simple <text> element pointing the 'title.txt' resource in the 'news/headlines/\$\$' folder. Where the source data has more items in it than the <griddata> element has room for on the display, the <griddata> element only displays those items 30 that can be displayed. When the user scrolls through the the <griddata> element shifts the 'data-window' list, accordingly. The advantage of this technique is that only



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the resources required by the current display are actually loaded in memory, which reduces the memory utilisation and reduces the amount of time taken to render the list of items.

A similar scheme can be used to define the order that a list is displayed in. If the target of the 'repeat-over' attribute is a file instead of a folder, then the file can be assumed to contain a list of resource names to use in the iteration. For example,

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where the file football/league contains:

Manchester

Arsenal

Chelsea

the folder football/teams/ contains:

20 Manchester/name.txt

Arsenal/name.txt

Chelsean/name.txt

and each name.txt is a text file holding the team name. The result of this is that the test files associated with the teams would be displayed in the defined order and within the defined area of the terminal display.

Where data is accessed by means other than the file system, so e.g. it is stored in a database, or it is generated on the fly by another software component, this scheme can still be used if a virtual file system 435 is used, which can map a

file system interface onto the underlying provider of the data. This means the content can still be arranged as described above, but the data can be provided in a method that enables efficient data storage and retrieval.

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For commercial reasons it is desirable for MNOs and/or content providers to be able to have some control over the user interface that will be displayed on the screen of a mobile terminal. It is also important that there is a degree of flexibility that allows users to download triglets or new trigs to modify the appearance of their terminal and also to make further changes to the displayed image that is determined by the trig or triglet in use.

According to an embodiment of the present invention this problem is addressed by considering the UI to be formed from a number of hierarchical planes, each of the levels comprising one or more entitles of the UI. By assigning a hierarchy to the MNO, terminal manufacturer, trig provider and the terminal user it is possible to provide the required levels of permission.

Figure 6 shows a schematic depiction of four hierarchical planes 405a-d: plane 405a comprises UI elements defined buy the MNO; plane 405b comprises UI elements defined buy the terminal manufacturer; plane 405c comprises UI elements defined by a trig; and plane 405d comprises UI elements defined buy the user. Plane 405a has the highest position in the hierarchy and p[lane 405d has the lowest position in the hierarchy. For example, the mno_logo element in plane 405a defines the graphic element used and its position on the display screen of the terminal. As it is in the highest plane

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of the hierarchy it will always appear and will take preference over any other UI element in a lower hierarchy element that attempts to use the pixels used by mno_logo. Plane 405d comprises the backgroundcolour element, which is not defined in any of the other planes and thus the colour defined in backgroundcolour will be used in the UI.

Plane 405c comprises the windowtitle.txt element that defines the attributes for the text used in the title of a window. This may be overwritten by adding a windowtitle.txt element to either plane 405a or 405b to define the text attributes, or by adding a windowtitle.txt_deleted element to either plane 405a or 405b to instruct the UI renderer to ignore any subsequent windowtitle.txt element.

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In am embodiment of the present invention, the user can set a preference within the software 300 to control the content that is displayed within the UI. For example, content relating to a number of football teams may be stored on a server with a path having a form similar to

/demoUI/football/team xxxx/team_menu.png

where the team_xxxx variable is selected by the user from a list of teams (manu, chel, leed, manc, etc.) and inserted into the path such that the UI displays the content related to the selected team. A change in the team_xxxx variable will cause the content displayed to altered accordingly. It should be noted that the selection of a preference controls the display of content that is selected from content stored on a remote server, as opposed to selecting from content that is stored on local storage.

4294al 19 February 2004 This approach is preferable to sending a request of the form

http://tl.trigenix.com/triglets/football/triglet&pn="07766554 43322"

as in this case the server needs to perform a database query in order to identify the content to be displayed and this will significantly increase the resources required from the server to provide the requested content.

Another known technique by which the same result can be achieved is to send a request of the form:

15 http://tl.trigenix.com/triglets/football/triglet&fc='ManU'

but a disadvantage of this approach is that each time a new team is added then the server logic must be updated to include the new team. In contrast, the method of the present invention merely requires that content is added to the server at a new location, which is a simpler process and requires fewer resources to implement it.

In conventional mobile terminals, information regarding the battery strength, signal strength, new text messages, etc. are shown to the user. Typically this information is obtained by the operating system sending a call to the relevant hardware or software entity and the UI interpreting the received answer and displaying it.

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According to the present invention, this information may be displayed in the UI using a TrigML tag (see below)



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causes a listening query to be opened to the relevant
hardware or software entity. If a change in state occurs
then the UI renderer is notified and the UI renderer loads
the relevant icon or graphic to communicate the change in
state to the user. If the user changes the view within the
UI the tag may be withdrawn and the listening query is
terminated. This approach is more resource efficient as the
listening query is only active when the tag is in use.

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Updates comprise a new trig (a new or replacement UI) or a triglet (a modification to an existing trig) and may be regarded as modifications to the software file-system. The Update Manager to determine what needs changing in the file-system by reading a packet. Update Packets may be downloaded over the air by the software 400 using HTTP, or other suitable transport mechanisms, wrapped in a device-specific package format or pre-provisioned with the installation of the software itself.

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Updates may be triggered by a number of means, which include

- the software checking for interrupted Update processing on start-up
- the software checking for pre-installed Update Packets on start-up
 - automatically as configured by an Update Channel
 - user initiation
 - the terminal receiving a special SMS
- 30 Updates sent OTA can be fetched using HTTP-GET requests initiated by the software. The GET request is directed at the URL associated with the Update. The body of the HTTP response

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is a binary file carrying data in an Update Packet format. The data reception is handled in a separate thread to the Renderer thread. For background updates (automatically initiated) this allows the user to continue navigating the UI. For foreground updates (manually initiated) this allows the Renderer thread to display a progress bar and listen for a cancel instruction.

Trigs may define Update Channels, which comprise a URL from which to poll for updates and a number of associated properties: automatic or manual updating; a timing scheme and retry strategy in the event of failure. The software may only initiate an automatic update when it is running.

15 On start-up, if an update event is due the software will wait for a time interval before beginning the Update. This is to postpone any start-up delays incurred by initiating an Update immediately, and will therefore give the user a faster start-up. The update channels may be defined in a well known location within the trig, for example the config/channels folder of a trig in files containing <channel> tags.

The algorithm used to unpack and install an update is device specific. However, it is important that the algorithm is safe from unexpected interruption (e.g. power loss), such that no corruption or unrecoverable state is reached in the file-system. This may be achieved by using two threads (a network thread and a renderer thread) with the goal of having as much of the update processing as possible being performed by the network thread so as to interrupt the renderer thread for the shortest possible amount of time.



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There are other failure modes to consider: if an HTTP-GET cannot be initiated, or is met with an HTTP error response code, then this attempt at an Update is abandoned and the retry strategy is used to begin a new update attempt at a later date. Where an HTTP response is interrupted by loss of network signal, any temporary files are deleted and the retry strategy is used to restart the Update attempt at a later date. If an update header indicates that the update payload size may be too great to fit on the device, if the update requires an incompatible version of the software or if the Update already resides on the device then the header data file is deleted and the Update attempt and any subsequent retries are cancelled.

15 The content format is common across all platforms implementing the software. The Content Compiler is a content authoring tool to transform a collection of raw resources (text TrigML, PNG images, text string definitions) into an over the air Update Packet that can be written to the file system of the terminal.

TrigML fragments are files containing text TrigML and resource references inside these fragments are virtual file paths. The mapping of these virtual file paths to real file paths is defined by a TrigDefinition file. This file also defines other properties of the trig. When used for compiling a triglet, this file also defines how the input TrigML/PNG/Text resources map onto modifications of the virtual file-system of a trig.

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For PNG and Text Resources the trig Definition file points at a list of real files on the host file-system and the

resources are copied to the outputs.

TrigML can use constant variables instead of attribute values. Constant variables are accessed with the same syntax as <include> parameters, e.g. Spackground colour. Constants are treated as global variables in a trig and are defined in the reserved folder, constants/. The variable definitions contained in the files in the constants/ folder may be resolved at compile time with direct substitution of their values. In an alternative embodiment the variable definitions in constants/ are compiled as global variables and resolved at content parse time by the software. This allows the trig to be updated by a simple replacement of one or all of its constants files.

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A System String Dictionary defines the integer values to use for all well known strings, i.e. reserved words. These have several types, including: TrigML element and attribute names ('group', 'res', 'layer', 'image', 'x'), TrigML attribute values (e.g.: 'left', 'activate', 'focus') and common resource paths (e.g.: 'attr', 'start-up', 'default'). As an input, the String Dictionary is optional. The first time a trig is compiled it will not have a String Dictionary. This first compilation creates the String Dictionary, which is then used for all future compilations of that trig. Triglet compilation must have a String Dictionary that defines all the string mappings used by the trig it is modifying.

An OTA Update Packet comprises one or two files, depending on whether the update is defined with an inline payload or not, and this is determined by the trig Definition file. This package can be placed on a server ready for access by a



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mobile terminal or it can be included in the installation package for the mobile terminal software.

In order to successfully render the user interface of a mobile terminal, the mark-up language must have the following qualities: concise page definitions, consistent layout rules, be implementable in a compact renderer, provide multiple layering and arbitrary overlapping content, event model, require the repaint of only the areas of the display that have to change between pages of the UI, include hooks to the platform for reading property values receiving events and sending events, extensible, and be graphically flexible. TrigML provides these features and Appendix C gives an overview of the elements and attributes that provide the desired functionality.

It is desirable that the cost of re-branding UIs and producing a continual stream of updates is minimal. The present invention enables this by providing an efficient flow of information from the creative process through to the transmission of data to users.

A container, referred to as a parcel, is used for UIs, UI updates, and templates for 3rd party involvement. Parcels contain all the information necessary for a 3rd party to produce, test and deliver branded UIs and updates. Figure 5 shows a schematic depiction of the content toolset 200, which comprises scripting environment 220, test and simulation environment 230 and maintenance environment 240

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The parcel process comprise five processing stages:

1) The scripting environment 220 provides the means to design

the template for one or more UIs and the update strategy for UIs based on that template.

- 2) The maintenance environment 240 provides for rapid UI and update production in a well-controlled and guided environment that can be outsourced to content providers.
- 3) The maintenance environment 240 'pre-flight' functionality allows the deployment administrator to check and tune the UIs and updates that they receive from 3rd parties.
- 4) The publishing component 110 provides management of UIs 10 and updates at the deployment point, including the staging of new releases.
 - 5) The publishing component 110 enables the automatic generation of updates from live content feeds.
- In a typical project, parcels are created within the scripting environment 220 for: a content provider to create re-branded UIs from a template, incorporating the same 'feel' but a different 'look'; a content provider to create updates from a template, that provide a periodic, or user selected variation to UI content; or an ad agency to create updates from a template that promote new services on a periodic basis.

For all of these use cases, maintenance environment 240 is used to import the parcel, re-brand and reconfigure the content and create a new parcel for submission to the publishing component 110. In the design of the UI template, the following issues should be considered: which part of the UI can be re-banded; which features of a UI need to be reconfigured at re-branding or remotely; which part of the UI content may be updated; and if the UI is re-branded then can user select content feeds in use. The scripting environment



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220 allows these strategies to be defined, and enables the maintenance environment 240 as the implementer of each instance of each strategy.

- 5 The main functions of the scripting environment 220 may comprise:
 - Defines menu structure and page map.
 - Defines the framework into which branding content is placed.
- Defines the parts of the UI that are updateable.
 - Defines the parts of updates that are replaceable for re-branding.
 - · Provides an interactive preview to assist editors
 - Provides a graphical code view of each UI layer
- Allows drag and drop of resources into the interactive preview and code view.
 - Exports templates for specific re-branding or update construction tasks
 - Simulates UIs and updates on handset simulator.
- Builds UIs and updates for testing on the real device.
 - Provides extended debugging tools to aid development.

Furthermore, the purpose of the maintenance environment 240 is to provide a designer and administrator's UI for the rebranding and maintenance of skins and updates, with the main functions comprising:

- Re-branding UI templates
- Populate updates with new content
- Manage UI menu entries via updates
- Translate UIs and updates for additional languages
 - Purpose strings and content for additional devices

- Simulation of UIs deployed on handset simulator.
- Build of UIs and updates for testing on a real device
 Rebranded UI
- A parcel is generated by the scripting environment 220 which comprises a template UI or update for editing. Once editing is complete the parcel is saved in an 'outbox' ready for despatch to the maintenance environment 240 for publishing to the content server. The following 'parcel' functions are provided. The maintenance environment 240 can be used to edit/replace resources held within the parcel. Parcels can be exported to the simulation environment to test the performance of the UI or UI update on a mobile terminal.
- An explorer is provided for the user to access these categories, with the user being able to change: any UIs or updates marked as visible or the resources within a UI or update that are marked as 'replaceable'. When saved, a thumbnail of the 'visible' object is saved in the parcel, for identification use in the maintenance environment and for other services.
- A parcel entry may be double clicked to launch an appropriate editor. (for example, an image resource would launch an image editor). All resources may have a text description/note inserted in the maintenance environment and displayed in the appropriate context in the maintenance environment. Lists of menu entries are handled as a special resource type with each entry presenting its own sub-catalogue of resources (for example title, help string, image, roll-over image, URL and ringtone preview).

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Many different UIs can be derived from a common base. Typically the common base would implement most of the interface itself, and Trigs derived from it would implement small variations on it, such as branding. A Triglet can be derived from a Trig, and it can override any of the resources from the parent Trig that it chooses to (optionally it may introduce its own resources). Note that "resources" here also refers to TrigML, so the behaviour and layout of a Trig can be modified by a Triglet just as easily as it replacing a single image or piece of text.

A Parcel may comprise one or more base Trigs (i.e. a Trig that is not derived from any other trig), one or more multiple Trigs derived from a base Trig, a plurality of triglets derived from any of the trigs and a plurality of triglets derived from other triglets.

The parcel format is an opaque binary format that stores all this information as serialized objects. The parcel may comprise a number of resources, such as images, text, URLs, update channels, ringtone files, wallpapers, native applications, etc. Each resource contains permission information as to how to view, edit, or delete the resource. Each resource furthermore contains meta information such as documentation and instructions that are relevant to that resource. Each Parcel tool either assumes a relevant role, or requires users to login as a particular role.

The nature of developing trigs is such that a number of people and/or groups of people could be involved in contributing to the final design and implementation of a Trig. Furthermore, the skill sets of these people require

4294al le February 2004 that a very simplified and controlled scheme be used to minimize the risk of unwitting damage to the Trig. A typical development workflow for a reasonably complex Trig could comprise:

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- UI Designers create the original UI structure. This
 design may be built using the maintenance environment to
 create the first versions of this UI.
- A graphics designer creates the final graphics, and adds
 them to the design.
 - The areas of the UT dedicated to dynamic content that were identified in the original design need to be fleshed out.
 - Graphics for the dynamic update need to be finalised by a graphics designer.
 - Personalisation areas of the UI are then designed and implemented. This might be handled by a number of thirdparty content providers.
- Parcels assist in the workflow described above because they 20 contain the entire project in the single file, and this makes it easy to pass from one member of the team to the next. The Parcel can be re-targeted for the next stage of development by adding comments and instructions on the resources that 25 need to be modified, and even setting the editability of other resources to restrict what can be changed. complicated workflows can be supported by allowing Parcels to be forked, and separate development to happen in each fork of the Parcel. Merge tools allow the individual changes to be 30 combined back into a single Parcel. A parcel may be implemented using the pickle module for the programming language.

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The parcels may be used to develop trigs and/or triglets for mobile terminals having different capabilities such as display size, RAM capacity. To simplify this, a number of hierarchies may be defined and the data resource or TrigML element classified within the hierarchies. For example, a hierarchy of terminals may be:

Nokia 7650 > Symbian S60 > Defined Screen Size > Any device

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and the language used in the resource may be classified in a two-level hierarchy of language specific > language independent. When a trig or triglet is compiled from a parcel, the most appropriate resources or TrigML elements can be selected and complied for a particular terminal.

APPENDIX A

For file paths beginning with a leading '/':

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/attrs	
\	Like the unix /proc directory,
	stores actor attribute values
	for reference by content when
	the attribute is needed as a
	file reference.
<actor></actor>	Each subdirectory of /attrs is
	the actor name.
<attribute></attribute>	Each attribute is accessed as a
L	node in the actor subdirectory
<field></field>	If the attribute is a
	structure, then the field name
	specifies which structure
	member to access.
<index></index>	If the attribute is a vector
-	attribute, them the index
	number specifies the index into
	the vector of the desired
	attribute.
<field></field>	If the vector attribute is a
	collection of structures, then
	the field name again specifies
	the structure member.

File paths without a leading '/' are treated as relative to the current trig, i.e. every trig is stored in its own folder hierarchy rooted in a single folder.



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config	Common folder in every trig to
Conrag	store trig meta data.
	_
channels	Common folder to store the update
	channel definitions.
<channel defs=""></channel>	Set of files defining the
	collection of update channels for
	the trig. Each file can define
	one or more update channels.
start-up	Common folder to store entry
	points for the trig.
default	Common TrigML file to store the
	default entry point for the trig.
firsttime	Common TrigML file to store the
	TrigML for use the first time
	this trig is run
<trigml files=""></trigml>	Other named TrigML files can be
	used as entry points if found in
	the start-up folder.
constants	This folder is not passed OTA and
	is instead fully resolved at
	content compile time.
<rest content="" of=""></rest>	trig content is organised in
	trig-defined format under the
	Trigs folder.

APPENDIX B

Trigplayer	Attributes	UpdateState	·
Actor	Messages	exit	
		predial_mode	on/off
	Events	idle	

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Launch Actor	Attributes		
	Messages	browser	url
-		SMS	Number
			message
		Camera	
		Inbox	
		Profiles	
		missed_calls	
		dialer	number
		114	
		native_app	app_id
			url
	Events		

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Install Actor	Attributes		
	Messages	ringtone	resource_path
		wallpaper	resource_path
	Events		

Phone Actor	Attributes	Bluetooth
		IrDA
		Call
		GPRS
		UnreadSMS
		UnreadVoiceMail
		UnreadMags
		BatteryLevel
		SignalStrength
	Messages	
	Events	missed_call
		message_arrived
		voice_mail_arrived

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APPENDIX C

	Listener Elements
	Fischier brown
<trigml></trigml>	common attributes when consume
-1 arrayin	MITETT ASSESSMENT
<layer> id</layer>	
	<three=< td=""></three=<>
Visible Elements	event target
common attributes id x y w h bdcolor	<att> name value valuefrom</att>
bgcolor hasfocus canfocus clip	
raise	<anim> name duration repeat</anim>
<group></group>	persist startvalue endvalue bounce
<pre>cgrid> rows cols rowsplit colsplit</pre>	<pre><load> res target</load></pre>
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre>criddata></pre> <pre>repeatover</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	<pre><setvar> name value valuefrom System Events</setvar></pre>
rows cols rowsplit	entry
-	focus lfocus
<gridlist></gridlist>	
initrow initcol	keypress [key] !keypress [key]
rows cols rowsplit	longkeypress (key)
colsplit	1longkeypress [key]
<image/>	moreupChanged [newValue]
res frames index	moreDownChanged [newValue]
t e e	morepownchanged (1101111111111111111111111111111111111
res bdt bdb bdr bdl	
<text></text>	
res font size slant	1 .
weight align color fxcolor multiline	
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	
res isvalid	
<pre><ticker> repeatover</ticker></pre>	

429401 19 FODFUREY 2004 <batterylevel>
 res frames

<aignalatrength>
 res frames

<phe><phonestatus>
 res include

<include>
 res
<param>
 name value valuefrom

type: visible contains any listener	s contained by listener any contains		a visible representation on the display. This section describes attributes and properties common to all visible elements.
id x (modifiable)	integer left centre center right	default	The name or ID of this element. This identifier is used in the target attribute of <three <load="" and="" charges=""> elements. If the same ID is used more than once, then the last ID loaded is used. The x-coordinate of the frame of the clement, relative to the top-left corner of the parent element. If one of 'left', 'centre' or 'right', the frame is suitably aligned within parent element.</three>

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	4 77 77 77 77 77			
Y	(modifiable)	integer	centre	The y-coordinate of the frame
		top		of the element, relative to
		centre		the top-left corner of the
		center		parent element. If one of
		bottom		'top', 'dentre' or 'bottom',
				the frame is suitably aligned
				within parent element.
W	(modifiable)	integer	*	The width of the frame of the
		*		element. If '*', the frame
				assumes the width of the
				parent frame, or cell, if it
Į				is in a grid.
13.	(modifiable)	integer	*	The height of the frame of the
		*		element. If '*', the frame
				assumes the height of the
				parent frame, or cell, if it
				is in a grid.
bgcc	lour, bgcolor	colour	#00000000	The background fill colour of
	(modifiable)		(trans-	the element. If translucent
			parent)	alpha values are not
ļ				supported, then the alpha
				component will round down to
	•			fully transparent.
bdec	lour, bdcolor	colour	#0000000	The colour of the border for
	(modifiable)		(trans-	this element. The border is
			parent)	drawn 1-pixel wide and just
			"	inside the frame. The border
				can be partially or fully
				obscured by the child
				contents. If translucent alpha
				is not supported, then the
				alpha component is rounded up
				to full opacity.
clip	3	boolean	true	If true, the painting of all
	ı			child contents of this element
		ļ,	1	



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			will be dipped by the frame
			of this element, i.e. children
			cannot 'spill' outside the
			frame.
			If false, the painting of all
			child contents will be clipped
	1		by the clipping frame of the
			parent element. clip=false
		:	should be used with caution as
			it slows down the renderer.
raise	boolean	false	If true, the painting of this
(modifiable)			eloment is painted last within
			its <layer>. If more than one</layer>
			element specifies raisestrue,
			then they are all painted
			last, but in their normal
			relative order.
			If false, the painting of this
			element is in the normal order
			- that of painting elements in
,			the order parsed.
hasfocus	boolean	false	If true, this element will be
			given the initial focus for
			the layer that it is in. If
			more than one element
			apecifies hasfocus=true, then
			the last within each layer to
			do so is given the initial
			focus. When loading new
			content that contains an
			element with hasfocus=true,
			the focus is only given to
		,	this clement if the new
			content is removing the
			element that previously had

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			the focus.
canfocus	boolean	false	If true, this element will be given the focus when navigating with the cursor keys. If false, this element will be ignored when navigating with the cursor keys. (Note: This replaces: <att when="focus/">)</att>

<trigml>

contains

contained by

any element

none

attributes

default type

none

<layer>

contains

any visible

any listener

contained by

top

Full screen layer. Each layer The focus. its OWII manages highest layer with a non-null focus element gets keypresses and events sent to _top.

The root element of all TrigML

documents. It does not have any

visual appearance.

type default attributes string none 1d

The name or ID of this element. This identifier is used in the target attribute of <throw> and <load> elements. If the same ID is used more than once, then the last ID loaded is used.

other Generic container <group>

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v	isible,	container	elcments.		be	used	a.B	а	plain
contains	contai		rectangle	•					
any visible any listener	any	container					 -		
attributes	type	default					-		
all attributes in type: visible									

		Container element that arranges
grid> ontains	visible, contain	er its children in a grid. <grid> is purely for layout. Use</grid>
any visible any listener	any container	<pre> <gridlist> or <griddata> for focus management. Each child is placed in its cell, with that cell forming its parent frame - i.e. children that leave w/h as '*' will be the size of their cell.</griddata></gridlist></pre>
attributes	type defa	the grid.
rows	integer none	cannot be zero. If rows is supplied and cols is not, then the grid is filled column by column.
cols	integer none	grid. Cannot be zero. If cols is supplied and rows is not, then the grid is filled row by row. If both rows and cols are supplied, then the grid is also filled row by row.
rowsplit	list of *	The heights of each row. It fewer values are supplied that

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	colon separated integers or *s		there are rows, the last value is repeated for each extra row. All rows that have * for a rowsplit share the available						
colsplit	same as	*	space. The column width equivalent of rowsplit.						
all attributes in type: visible			Note that clip applies to the whole grid, not each cell in the grid.						

<gridlist></gridlist>	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Container element that arranges					
	visible, c	ontainer						
contains	containe	d by	also a Focus Manager in that it					
any visible	any cor		moves an active cell around the					
any listener		11441141						
any tratemen	İ		grid, scrolling the grid if the					
			grid is bigger than the frame of					
			this clement. Note that both					
			rows and rowsplit, and cols and					
			colsplit, must be supplied to					
,			achieve a grid that is larger					
			than the w/h of this element.					
attributes	type	default						
initrow	integer	O	The initial row of the active					
	#		cell. Count from zero. See					
			initcol below.					
initcol	integer	0	The initial column of the active					
			cell. Count from zero. The first					
			time the gridlist gets focus,					
			this is the cell that is in turn					
			given focus. The hasfocus					
			attribute overrides initrow and					
			initcol.					



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all attributes i	.xx					
all attributes i	L.D.	Note for a		is	always	true

<griddata></griddata>			Container element that treats
	visible,	container	its single child, or single
contains	contained	by	rows-worth of children, as a
any visible	апу со	ntainer	template for the rest of the
any listener			cells in the grid. If the
			special variable \$\$ appears in
	-		the definition of the child
			template, then it is replaced
			with the current scroll
			position in the set of values
		٠	defined by the repeatover
		i	attribute. Only the number of
		:	children that fit in the grid
			are used, with the value of \$\$
			being scrolled as focus is
			moved up and down the grid.
attributes	type	default	
repeatover	resource	No	Specifies the set of values to
	path .	default.	use for the \$\$ variable in the
		Must be	child elements. If the
		supplied.	resource path is a folder,
			then the list of resources
	ł.		found in that folder are used
			(in numeric order) for the set
			of values for \$\$. If the
			resource path is a file, then

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		the file is treated as an index file that specifies a list of values for \$\$.						
all attributes in <grid></grid>								
all attributes in type: visible								

<image/>			Draws an image.
•		visible	
contains	contained	by	·
any listener	any con	tainer	
attributes	type	default	
ras (modifiable)	resource	none	The resource path of the PNG
·	path		file. Image is a transparent
			blank if res is not suppplied.
framen	integer	ī	The number of frames (side by
			side images) in the PNG file.
			The image width is therefore
			the real PNG width divided by
			the number of frames.
index (modifiable)	integer	1	The frame number (counting from
-			1) to display.
	11212		The default for w/h is to
all attributes in			shrink to fit the supplied
type: visible			image. If the image is not
,		,	found, then w/h default as
			normal. If w/h are supplied,

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Γ			the	image	is	aligned	to	the	top
			left	coxne	er.				
		l							

<tile></tile>			Draws a tiled image. If borders
vi		visible	are also supplied, the image is
contains	contained	þ y	tiled by preserving corners and
any listener	any con	tainer	edges, tiling these lengthways
	*		as necessary.
attributes	type	default	
res (modifiable)	resource	none	The resource path of the PNG
:	path		file. The tile is transparent
		1	blank if the res is not
		,	supplied.
bdt	integer	O	The thickness of the top
			border. If zero, the tiling has
			no top edge tile.
bdl	integer	0	The thickness of the left
·			border. If zero, the tiling has
			no left odge tile.
bdr	integer	0	The thickness of the right
			border. If zero, the tiling has
			no right edge tile.
þďÞ	integer	0	The thickness of the bottom
		-	border. If zero, the tiling has
			no bottom edge tile.
all attributes in			
type: visible			
	1		

<text></text>			Draws a text string. Text
•		visible	can be single or multiline,
contains	contained	by	scrollable or not, editable
any listener	any cor	ıtainer	or not. Text is drawn with
	•-		device specific fonts.
attributes	type	default	
res (modifiable)	resource	none	The resource path of the
	path		text string to display
			(initially if editable). A
			transparent blank is drawn
		·	if not supplied.
font	fixed	serif	Device specific font.
. •	scrif	Ì	
	sansserif		
	aystem		·
size	small	emall.	Device specific size. Should
	medium		map to 9pt, 12pt and 18pt
	large		respectively.
weight	plain	plain	Device specific weight for
	bold		the font.
slant	plain	plain	Device specific weight for
•	italic		the font.
align	left	left	The horizontal alignment of
	centre		the text string inside the
	center		frame of the text box. There
	right		is no vertical alignment
		'	control, use the y attribute
			to control the text box
			position instead.
color, colour	colour	#ff000000	4
(modifiable)		(black)	translucent alpha is not
			supported, the alpha
			component is rounded up to
·			full opacity.

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fxcolor, fxcolour	colour	#00000000	The colour of the text
(modifiable)			effect. The default text
			offect is a glow background.
multiline	boolean	false	If false, the string is
			drawn on a single line. The
			width of this element will
			default to the length
			required to exactly fit the
		1	string.
			If true, the string will be
			drawn on multiple lines. The
·			width will default to be the
			same as the parent element.
			The height will default to
			the height required to
1			exactly fit the number of
		•	lines for the string.
scrollable	boolean	false	If true, the view of the
			string can be scrolled
		:	(horizontally for single
•			line, vertically for
			multiline) when this element
			has the focus. Focus is
			released when the end or
	·		beginning of the string is
			reached, or if a cursor key
			is pressed in the non-
			scrolling direction.
editable	resource	None	If supplied, this element is
	path to		an editable text box. Text
	writable		editing is drawn in a device
	resource		apecific way, and may
			involve pressing select to
			activate text editing. The
· .			edited value of the string
<u> </u>			

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		is	stored	. in	the	rest	nrce
,		path	ı su	pplie	ો	bу	this
		attr	ribute.				
all attributes in type: visible							

<throw></throw>		, 1030	Throws an event. Events can be
	3	listener	sent to other parts of the
contains	contained :	by	content tree or to an actor.
<param/>	any vis	sible	
attributes	type	default	
when	event	none	The event to listen for. If a
	name and		parameter value is supplied in
	optional		aquare brackets [], then this
	parameter		will only trigger when the
	value		event with that parameter value
			is received. E.g.:
			when-"keypress[_select]"
	j		triggers on the keypress event
			when the parameter value is
			'_select'
event	event	none	The name of the event to throw.
	name		If this is an Actor event, it
H.			will automatically be sent to
			the relevant Actor, regardless
			of the specified target. Use
,			square brackets to specify an
			anonymous parameter value to
			accompany this event. Use
			<pre><peram> children to specify</peram></pre>
			named parameters for this
			event.

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			If the event is the 'focus' ovent, then this will cause the focus to move to the target element (within the layer of the target element).
target	element TD	_top	The element IP of the element to send this event to. If not supplied then _top is used. If the event is an Actor event, this attribute is ignored.
consuma	boolean	false	If true, the event propagation will stop at this element. No further listeners will trigger on the incoming event after this element.

<att></att>	•	Modifies an attribute of its
	listens	· ! **
contains	contained by any visible	on. <att> is switched on by the event specified in the when attribute. It is switched off by the '!' version of the event. If several <att>s modify the same parent attribute, the last <att> that is switched on</att></att></att>
	tvoe defau	wins.
attributes	type defau.	
Apen	ovent none name and optional parameter value	The event to listen for. If a parameter value is supplied in square brackets [], then this will only switch on when the event with that parameter value is received. E.g.: when="keypress[_select]" triggers on the keypress event

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			when the parameter value is '_select'
name	attribute name	none	The name of the attribute in the parent visible to modify. The attribute must be modifiable as indicated in the attribute boxes in this spec.
value	same as attribute being modified	none	The new value for the named attribute of the parent visible. Use the @-symbol to reference the value of a named parameter of the incoming event.
CONSUMA	boolean	false	If true, the event propagation will stop at this element. No further listeners will trigger on the incoming event after this element.

<anim></anim>		•	Continuously modifies an
		listener	attribute of its parent
contains	contained by		visible while switched on.
	any vis:	ible	The animation is started by
			the event, and restarted
v			every timo the event arrives
			subsequently. The
			modification (whereever the
			animation has got to) is
			switched off when the 'l'
			version of the event arrives.
attributes	type	default	
when	event name	none	The event to listen for. If a
	and optional		parameter value is supplied
	parameter		in square brackets [], then
	value		this will only switch on when



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name	attribute name	none	the event with that parameter value is received. E.g.: when-"keypress[_select]" triggers on the keypress event when the parameter value is '_select' The name of the attribute in the parent visible to modify.
	,		The attribute must be modifiable as indicated in the attribute boxes in this spec.
startvalue	same as attribute being modified	лопе	The value to use at the start of the animation. If not supplied, the current value is used. The current value depends on all previous listener elements that modify the same attribute and the value specified by the parent visible itself.
andvalue	same as attribute being modified	none	The value to use at the end of the animation. This value is reached at the time specified by the duration attribute. If not supplied, the current value of the attribute is used in the same way as startvalue above.
duration	integer number of milliseconds	300	The length of time taken to animate the named attribute from startvalue to endvalue once. Note this is not the total duraction of the animation which can be

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
			calculated by multiplying the
			number of repeats by this
			duration.
rapeat	integer	0	The number of times to repeat
	-1 =forever		the animation after the first
	·		time through, i.e. setting it
		:	to 1 will result in the
			animation being played twice.
bounce	boolean	false	If true, the animation will
			play backwards on alternate
			repeats.
persist	boolean	depends	If true, the animation will
			hold the endvalue as the
1			modification until switched
			off by the 'l' event.
			If false, the animation will
			revert to the startvalue at
			the end of the animation and
		-	hold that value until the
			animation is switched off.
			The default depends whether
			the event is a normal event
			or a 'l' version of an event.
			If the event is normal, the
	,		default is true. If the event
			is a '!' event, the default
			is false.
consume	boolean	false	If true, the event
			propagation will stop at this
			element. No further listeners
			will trigger on the incoming
	· ·		event after this element.
			<u></u>



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<load></load>			Loads some new content into the
		listener	supplied target element.
contains	contained by		
<param/>	any vi:	eible	
attributes	type	default	
when	event	none	The event to listen for. If a
	name and		parameter value is supplied in
	optional		square brackets [], then this
•	parameter		will only trigger when the
	value	-	event with that parameter value
	İ		is received. E.g.:
			whon="keypress[_select]"
			triggers on the keypress event
			when the parameter value is
			'_seloct'
res	resource	none	The resource path of the trigml
	path		file to load.
target	element	_top	The element ID to replace the
	ID		children of.
consume	boolean	false	If true, the event propagation
			will stop at this element. No
			further listeners will trigger
			on the incoming event after
			this element.

<include></include>			Inlines the specified trigml
			file. The trigml in the file is
contains contained by			treated as if it had been
<param/>	any element		originally declared in place of
			this <include> element.</include>
attributes	type	default	
res	resource	none	The resource path of the trigml
	path		file to include.

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<peram></peram>		•	Supplies a parameter name and value to a <load>, <include> or</include></load>
contains	contained by		<throw> element.</throw>
	<incl:< td=""><td>ude></td><td></td></incl:<>	ude>	
	<three< th=""><th>OW></th><th></th></three<>	OW>	
attributes	type	default	
name	parameter	none	The name of the parameter.
	name		The \$-symbol is used to
,			reference the parameter when
			used in a <load> or <include>.</include></load>
			The @-aymbol is used to
			reference the parameter when
			used with an event.
value	value	none	The value of the parameter.
valuefrom	resource	none	The resource path of a file to
	path		read the contents of to obtain
			the value of this parameter.

<setvar></setvar>	<u> </u>		Sets a variable. The variable can
•	2	listener	only used when loading new content.
contains	contained	ру	If <setvar> triggers on the 'entry'</setvar>
<param/>	any vis	sible	event, the variable cannot be used
			until the next <load> tag is used.</load>
attributes	type	default	
when	event	none	The event to listen for. If a
i	name and		parameter value is supplied in
	optional		square brackets [], then this will
	parameter		only triggor when the event with
,	value		that parameter value is received.
			E.g.: when="keypress[_select]"
	i		triggers on the keypress event when
		-	the parameter value is '_select'
usne	variable	none	The name of the variable.
	name		



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válue	value	none	The value to put in the variable. The variable can be referenced with the \$-symbol in subsequent <load> actions.</load>
cortamié	boolean	false	If true, the event propagation will atop at this element. No further listeners will trigger on the incoming event after this element.

<paintif></paintif>			Only paints its contents if the
,	container,	visible	specified resource exists or the
contains	contained	l by	path is valid. The contents are
any visible	any el	ement	still in the tree, and still respond
any listener			to events, however, none of the
			contents are painted if the
			condition is not met. <paintif> can</paintif>
			be used in place of group.
attributes	type	default	
Los	resource	none	The resource path to test for the
	path		existence of.
isvalid	resource	none	The resource path to test the
	path		validity (as a resource path) of.
		1	Note this will not actually check if
			the file oxists, merely whether or
			not the path is a valid path. This
			is useful for testing whether \$\$ is
			in range or not.

<ticker></ticker>		Scrolls a series of items onto,
	visible	then off, the frame of this
contains	contained by	element. The visible child element
any listener	any container	of <ticker> is used as a template</ticker>
any one		for each item. Each item is
visible	,	scrolled on from below the element
		up into a centre-left-aligned

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]		
			position. The item is then paused
-			before scrolling it off to the
			left. Use the \$\$ variable in the
			template to vary the item on each
		•	scroll past. The list is restarted
			at the top when the last item has
			been scrolled past.
attributes	type	default	
repeatover	resource	No	Specifies the set of values to use
	path	default.	for the \$\$ variable in the child
,		Must be	elements. If the resource path is
		supplied.	a folder, then the list of
			resources found in that folder are
			used (in numeric order) for the
-			set of values for \$\$. If the
			resource path is a file, then the
			file is treated as an index file
			that specifies a list of values
			for \$\$.
all			
attributes in			
type: visible			
		<u> </u>	

<pre><batterylevel></batterylevel></pre>			Draws the battery level using the
		visible	supplied image as a multi-framed
contains contained by		by	image. The current value of the
any listener	any container		battery level is mapped onto the proportional frame number.
attributes	type	default	
res (modifiable	resource path	none	The resource path of the PNG file that holds all the states of the battery level.
frames	integer	1	The number of frames (side by side



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·	images) in the PNG file. The image width is therefore the real PNG width divided by the number of frames. The frame that is displayed depends on the current
all attributes in type: visible	to fit the supplied image. If the image is not found, then w/h default as normal. If w/h are supplied, the image is aligned to the top left corner.

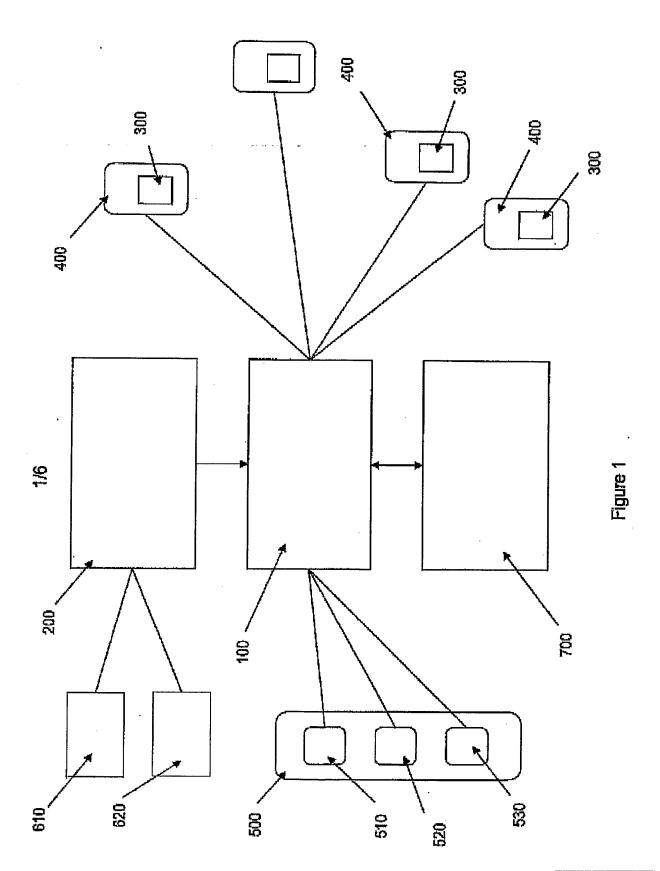
<signalstrength></signalstrength>			Draws the signal strength level
contains	visible contained by		
any listoner	any container		value of the signal strength level is mapped onto the proportional frame number.
attributes	type	default	
res (modifiable	resource path	none	The resource path of the PNG file that holds all the states of the signal strength level.
frames	integer	.1	The number of frames (side by side images) in the PNG file. The image width is therefore the real PNG width divided by the number of frames. The frame that is displayed depends on the current signal strength level.
all attributes in type: visible			The default for w/h is to shrink to fit the supplied image. If the image is not found, then w/h default as normal. If w/h are supplied, the image is aligned to

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	the top left corner.
I	LAWA CAN HELL MANIGE.
<u> </u>	

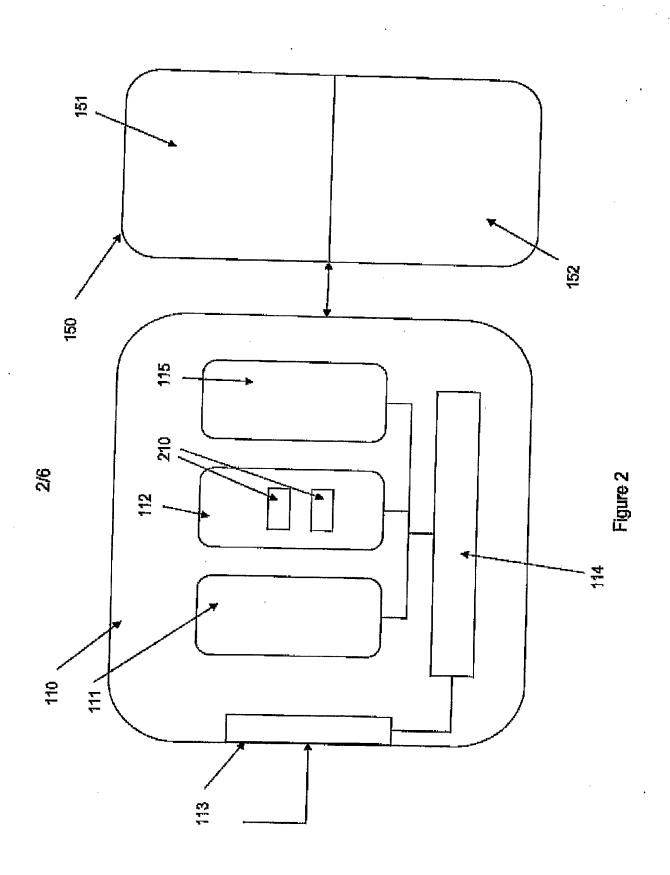
<pre><phonestatus></phonestatus></pre>			Draws a row of phone status
			' '
	visible		m · ·
contains	contained by		together, and are drawn, left to
any listener	any container		right, in the order specified in
			the include attribute. Use a
			blank image in order to reserve
			a space for an icon that is
			currently not visible.
attributes	type	default	11
res (modifiable	resource	none	The root folder for the
	path		collection of icon images. For
			each capability specified by the
			include attribute, this element
			will look for a folder of the
			same name. Within that folder,
:			this element will look for an
			image with a name equal to the
			current value of that
			capability.
include	list of	none	The names the status icons to
	semi-colon		display. Each name is a
	separated		capability and should have a
	capability		folder under the root folder
	names	-	specified by the res attribute.
all attributes			
in			
type: visible			







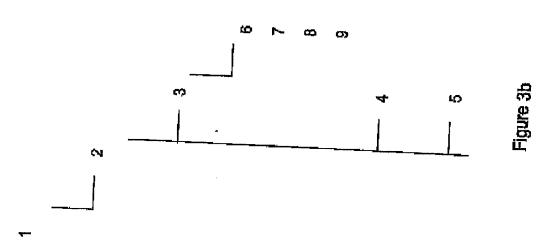


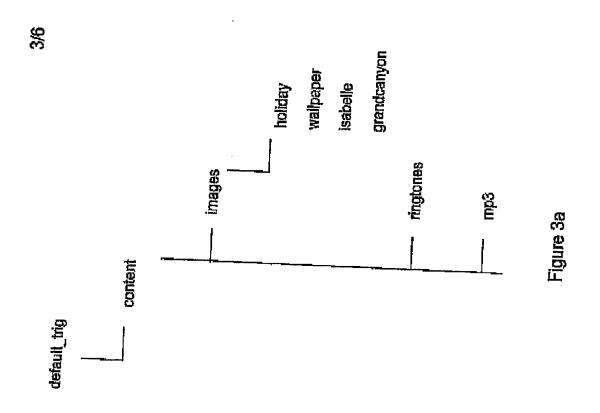


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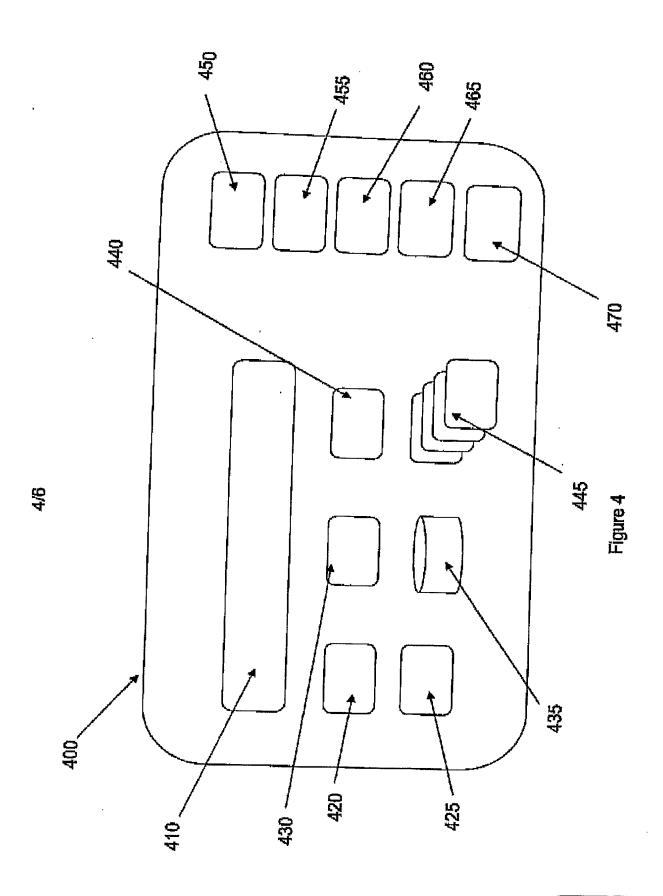






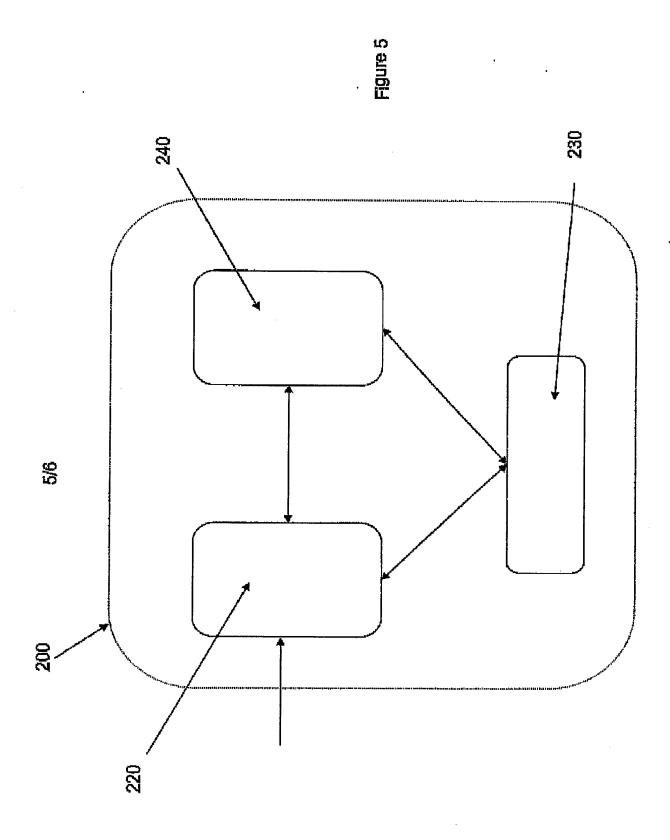
0095166 19-Feb-04 04:42











cotour/ backgroundcolour 405d wallpaper1.png wallpaper2.png windowfile.txt 405c images/ manufacturer_logo 9/9 405b icon/ phone SMS menutextcolour 405a text/ menu.txt fitte.txt mno_lago colouri

Figure 6

